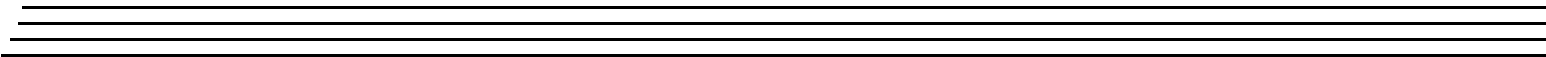
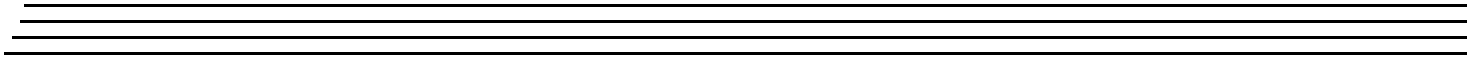
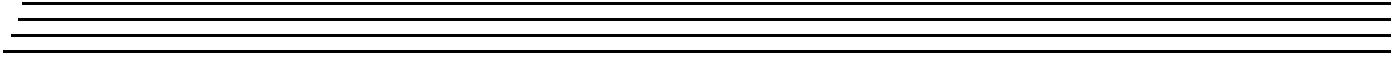


DATA TRANSLATION

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***DT9835 User's
Manual***



Thirteenth Edition
May, 2010

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Note: This product was verified to meet FCC requirements under test conditions that included use of shielded cables and connectors between system components. It is important that you use shielded cables and connectors to reduce the possibility of causing interference to radio, television, and other electronic devices.

Canadian Department of Communications Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la class A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le Ministère des Communications du Canada.

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About this Manual

This manual describes how to install and set up your DT9835 module and DT9835 Device Driver, and verify that your module is working properly.

This manual also describes the features of the DT9835 module, the capabilities of the DT9835 Device Driver, and how to program the DT9835 module using the DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library™ software. Troubleshooting information is also provided.

Note: For information on checking system requirements, installing the software, and viewing the documentation, refer to the README file on the OMNI CD.

For more information on the class library, refer to the *DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library User's Manual*. If you are using the DataAcq SDK or a software application to program your device, refer to the documentation for that software for more information.

Intended Audience

This document is intended for engineers, scientists, technicians, or others responsible for using and/or programming the DT9835 module for data acquisition operations in the Microsoft® Windows® XP, Windows Vista®, or Windows 7 operating system. It is assumed that you have some familiarity with data acquisition principles and that you understand your application.

How this Manual is Organized

This manual is organized as follows:

- [Chapter 1, “Overview,”](#) describes the major features of the modules, as well as the supported software and accessories for the modules, and provides an overview of the DT9835 getting started procedure.
- [Chapter 2, “Installing a Module,”](#) describes how to install the DT9835 module.
- [Chapter 3, “Configuring the Device Driver,”](#) describes how to configure the device driver and the module.
- [Chapter 4, “Attaching the Screw Terminal Panel,”](#) describes how to attach the STP100 screw terminal panel to a DT9835 module.
- [Chapter 5, “Wiring Signals,”](#) describes how to wire signals to a DT9835 module using the STP100 screw terminal panel.
- [Chapter 6, “Verifying the Operation of a Module,”](#) describes how to verify the operation of a DT9835 module with the Quick DataAcq application.
- [Chapter 7, “Principles of Operation,”](#) describes all of the features of the modules and how to use them in your application.

- [Chapter 8, “Supported Device Driver Capabilities,”](#) lists the data acquisition subsystems and the associated features accessible using the DT9835 Device Driver.
- [Chapter 8, “Troubleshooting,”](#) provides information that you can use to resolve problems with the modules and the device driver, should they occur.
- [Appendix A, “Specifications,”](#) lists the specifications of the module.
- [Appendix B, “Connector Pin Assignments,”](#) shows the pin assignments for the connectors and the screw terminal assignments for the module.
- An index completes this manual.

Conventions Used in this Manual

The following conventions are used in this manual:

- Notes provide useful information or information that requires special emphasis, cautions provide information to help you avoid losing data or damaging your equipment, and warnings provide information to help you avoid catastrophic damage to yourself or your equipment.
- Items that you select or type are shown in **bold**.

Related Information

Refer to the following documents for more information on using the DT9835 module:

- *Benefits of the Universal Serial Bus for Data Acquisition*. This white paper describes why USB is an attractive alternative for data acquisition. It is available on the Data Translation® web site (www.datatranslation.com).
- *Measure Foundry Manual* (UM-19298) and online help. These documents describe how to use Measure Foundry™ to build drag-and-drop test and measurement applications for Data Translation data acquisition devices.
- *DT-Open Layers for .NET User's Manual* (UM-22161). For programmers who are developing their own application programs using Visual C# or Visual Basic .NET, this manual describes how to use the DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library to access the capabilities of Data Translation data acquisition devices.
- *DataAcq SDK User's Manual* (UM-18326). For programmers who are developing their own application programs using the Microsoft C compiler, this manual describes how to use the DT-Open Layers DataAcq SDK™ to access the capabilities of Data Translation data acquisition devices.
- *DTx-EZ Getting Started Manual* (UM-15428). This manual describes how to use the ActiveX controls provided in DTx-EZ™ to access the capabilities of Data Translation data acquisition devices in Microsoft Visual Basic® or Visual C++®.
- *LV-Link Online Help*. This help file describes how to use LV-Link™ with the LabVIEW™ graphical programming language to access the capabilities of Data Translation data acquisition devices.
- Microsoft Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7 documentation.
- USB web site (<http://www.usb.org>).

Where To Get Help

Should you run into problems installing or using a DT9835 module, the Data Translation Technical Support Department is available to provide technical assistance. Refer to [Chapter 8](#) for more information. If you are outside the United States or Canada, call your local distributor, whose number is listed on our web site (www.datatranslation.com).



Overview

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Features

The DT9835 is a low-cost, high-power, digital I/O module for the Universal Serial Bus (USB).

Most computers have several USB ports that allow direct connection to USB devices. You can expand the number of USB devices attached to a single USB port by using expansion hubs.

The DT9835 module is part of the high-power, bus-powered USB class; therefore, the module does not require external power, but the expansion hubs do require external power.

The DT9835 module resides outside of the PC and installs with a single cable to ease installation. Modules can be “hot swapped” or plugged and unplugged while the PC is on, making them useful for many data acquisition applications.

The DT9835 module provides the following major features:

- USB compatibility
- 64 configurable digital I/O lines (configurable in banks of eight) and 32 dedicated digital input lines for nonclocked monitoring or control
- Interrupt-on-change on 16 dedicated digital input lines
- External solid-state relay module support; digital outputs can drive sink 12 mA, source 100 k Ω pullup
- Isolated output common from the USB bus to 500 V peak

Supported Software

The following software is available for use with the DT9835 modules and is shipped on the Data Acquisition OMNI CD:

- **DT9835 Device Driver** – The device driver allows you to use a DT9835 module with any of the supported software packages or utilities.
- **Quick DataAcq application** – The Quick DataAcq application provides a quick way to get up and running using a DT9835 module. Using this application, you can verify key features of the module and display data on the screen.
- **Measure Foundry** – An evaluation version of this software is included on the Data Acquisition OMNI CD. Measure Foundry is drag-and-drop test and measurement application builder designed to give you top performance with ease-of-use development. Order the full development version of this software package to develop your own application using real hardware.
- **DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library** – Use this class library if you want to use Visual C# or Visual Basic for .NET to develop your own application software for a DT9835 module using Visual Studio 2003 or Visual Studio 2005; the class library complies with the DT-Open Layers standard.
- **DataAcq SDK** – Use the Data Acq SDK if you want to use Visual Studio 6.0 and Microsoft C or C++ to develop your own application software for a DT9835 module using Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7; the DataAcq SDK complies with the DT-Open Layers standard.
- **DTx-EZ** – DTx-EZ provides ActiveX controls, which allow you to access the capabilities of the DT9835 boards using Microsoft Visual Basic or Visual C++; DTx-EZ complies with the DT-Open Layers standard.
- **DAQ Adaptor for MATLAB** – Data Translation's DAQ Adaptor provides an interface between the MATLAB Data Acquisition (DAQ) subsystem from The MathWorks and Data Translation's DT-Open Layers architecture.
- **LV-Link** – An evaluation version of LV-Link is included on the Data Acquisition OMNI CD. Use LV-Link if you want to use the LabVIEW graphical programming language to access the capabilities of the DT9835 modules.

Refer to the Data Translation web site (www.datatranslation.com) for information about selecting the right software package for your needs.

Accessories

The following accessories are provided for the DT9835:

- **EP365** – A 1.83-meter, USB cable that connects the USB connector of the DT9835 module to the USB connector on the host computer. An EP365 cable is shipped with each DT9835 module. In addition, if you want to buy additional USB cables, EP365 is available as an accessory product for the DT9835.
- **STP100** – A 100 mm x 160 mm screw terminal panel that connects to the DT9835 module using the EP331 cable. This screw terminal panel allows you to connect all of the input and output connections that are supported by a DT9835 module. LEDs on up to 64 of the outputs light when the outputs are low. Note that the LEDs are not provided for the dedicated digital input lines.
- **EP331** – A 1-meter, 100-conductor cable that connects the STP100 screw terminal panel to the DT9835 module.

Getting Started Procedure

The flow diagram shown in [Figure 1](#) illustrates the steps needed to get started using the DT9835 module. This diagram is repeated in each chapter; the shaded area in the diagram shows you where you are in the getting started procedure.

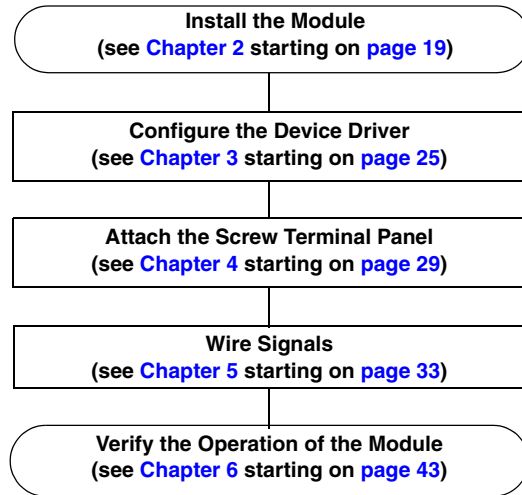


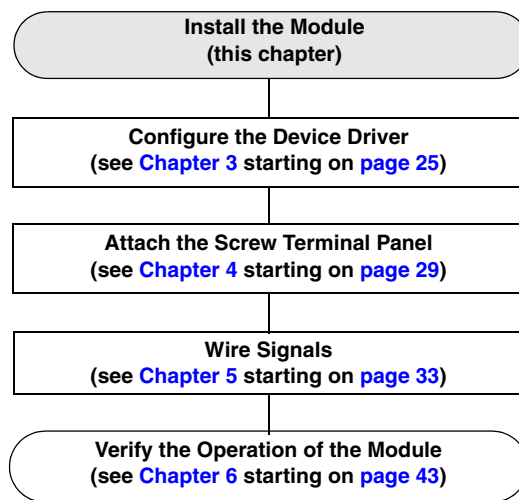
Figure 1: Getting Started Flow Diagram

Part 1: Getting Started



Installing a Module

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Unpacking

Open the shipping box and verify that the following items are present:

- DT9835 module
- EP365 USB cable
- Data Acquisition OMNI CD-ROM

If an item is missing or damaged, contact Data Translation. If you are in the United States, call the Customer Service Department at (508) 481-3700, ext. 1323. An application engineer will guide you through the appropriate steps for replacing missing or damaged items. If you are located outside the United States, call your local distributor, listed on Data Translation's web site (www.datatranslation.com).

Attaching a Module to the Computer

You can attach a DT9835 module to the host computer in one of two ways:

- Connect directly to a USB port of the host computer, described on this page. Use this method if one or two DT9835 modules are sufficient for your application.
- Connect to one or more self-powered USB hubs, described on [page 23](#). Use this method if your application requires more than two DT9835 modules connected to the host computer.

You must install the device driver before connection your DT9835 Series module(s) to the host computer.

Note: The DT9835 module is a high-power device (using 500 mA); however, it does not require an external power supply.

Connecting Directly to the Host Computer

Generally, host computers have several USB ports. These ports are completely independent. To connect a DT9835 module directly to a USB port of the computer, do the following:

1. Attach one end of the EP365 cable, which is shipped with the DT9835 module, to the USB port on the module.
2. Attach the other end of the EP365 cable to one of the USB ports on the host computer, as shown in [Figure 2](#).

The operating system automatically detects the USB device and starts the Found New Hardware wizard.

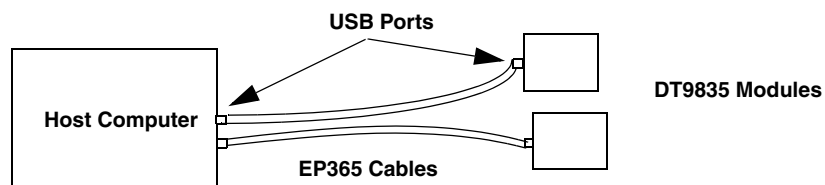


Figure 2: Attaching the DT9835 Module Directly to the Host Computer

3. For Windows Vista:
 - a. Click **Locate and install driver software (recommended)**.
The popup message "Windows needs your permission to continue" appears.
 - b. Click **Continue**.
The Windows Security dialog box appears.
 - c. Click **Install this driver software anyway**.

For Windows XP:

- a. Click **Next** and/or **Finish** as required in the wizard.
Once the firmware is loaded, the wizard restarts to initiate the firmware to accept commands.
- b. Click **Next** and/or **Finish** again.

Note: Windows 7 finds the device automatically.

4. Repeat these steps to attach another DT9835 module to the host computer, if desired.

Note: You can unplug a module, then plug it in again, if you wish, without causing damage. This process is called hot-swapping.

Your application may take a few seconds to recognize a module once it is plugged back in.

Connecting to a Self-Powered USB Hub

Self-powered USB hubs are USB hubs that are powered by their own external power supply. You can connect multiple USB hubs to a USB port on the host computer. Each of these hubs supports multiple DT9835 modules.

Note: Belken hubs are known to work properly with the DT9835 modules.

To connect a DT9835 module to a self-powered USB hub, do the following:

1. Attach one end of the EP365 cable to the DT9835 module and the other end of the EP365 cable to a self-powered USB hub.
2. Connect the power supply for the self-powered USB hub to an external power supply.
3. Connect the hub to the USB port on the host computer using another EP365 cable.
The operating system automatically detects the USB device and starts the Found New Hardware wizard.
4. For Windows Vista:
 - a. Click **Locate and install driver software (recommended)**.
The popup message "Windows needs your permission to continue" appears.
 - b. Click **Continue**.
The Windows Security dialog box appears.
 - c. Click **Install this driver software anyway**.

For Windows XP:

- a. Click **Next** and/or **Finish** as required in the wizard.
Once the firmware is loaded, the wizard restarts to initiate the firmware to accept commands.
- b. Click **Next** and/or **Finish** again.

Note: Windows 7 finds the device automatically.

5. Repeat these steps until you have attached the number of hubs and modules that you desire. Refer to [Figure 3](#).
The operating system automatically detects the USB devices as they are installed.

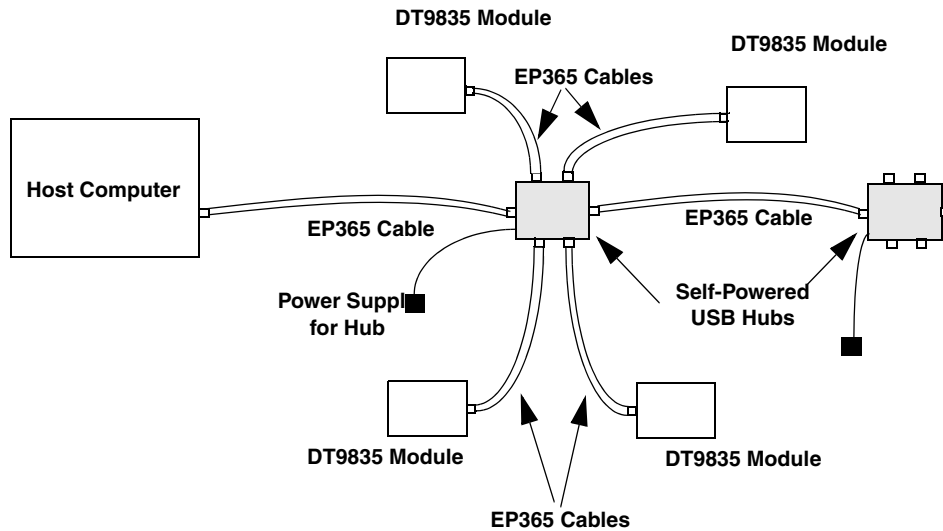


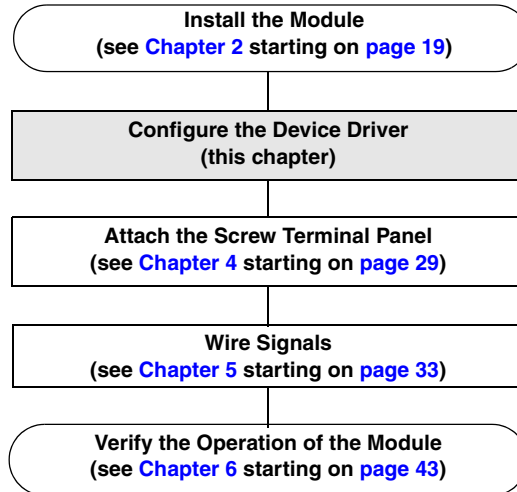
Figure 3: Attaching DT9835 Modules to the Host Computer Using Self-Powered USB Hubs

Note: You can unplug a module, then plug it in again, if you wish, without causing damage. This process is called hot-swapping.

Your application may take a few seconds to recognize a module once it is plugged back in.



Configuring the Device Driver



To configure the device driver, do the following:

1. If you have not already done so, power up the host computer and all peripherals.
2. From the Control Panel, double-click the **Open Layers Data Acquisition Control Panel** icon.
The Open Layers dialog box appears.
3. Click the DT9835 module that you want to configure, then click **Advanced**.
The DT9835 Control Panel dialog box appears.
4. Check the bits of banks 10 and 11 that you want to generate an interrupt when the bit changes state, where bit 0 corresponds to digital input line 0 and bit 7 corresponds to digital input line 7. Refer to [page 56](#) for more information on interrupts.
5. To generate a debounce delay of 5 ms for the digital inputs, click the **Debounce Inputs** checkbox. If this box is left unchecked, a delay of less than 1 ms is used.
6. To continuously power the digital outputs, select the **Power Always On** checkbox. The DT9835 module will remain on even when you exit from the applications that use the module.

If you want to shut down power to the module, you must uncheck this checkbox and close the control panel. Once all applications that use this module are exited, the module will power down. The module will remain off until you either run an application that uses the module or click the Advanced button from the Open Layers Data Acquisition Control Panel.

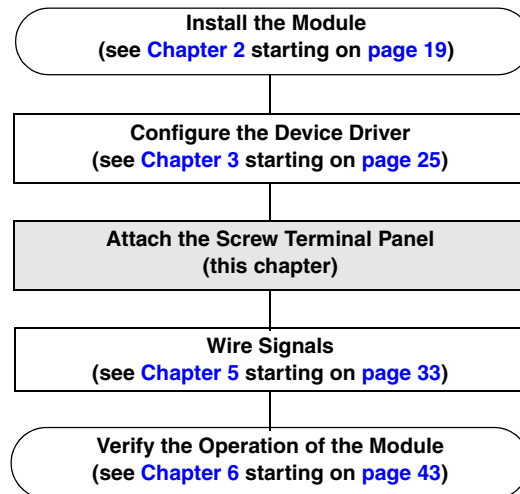
7. Click **OK**.
8. If you want to rename the module, click **Edit Name**; otherwise, go to step 10.
9. Enter a new name for the module, then click **OK**.

Note: This name is used to identify the module in all subsequent applications.

10. When you are finished configuring the module, click **Close**.
11. Repeat steps 3 to 10 for the other modules that you want to configure.
12. Close the Control Panel.



Attaching the Screw Terminal Panel



Before you can wire signals, you first need to attach the STP100 screw terminal panel to connector J1 on your DT9835 module using the EP331 cable.

Figure 4 illustrates how to attach the STP100 screw terminal panel to a DT9835 module.

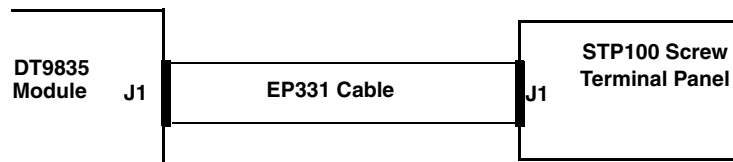


Figure 4: Connecting a DT9835 Module to the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Table 1 lists the pin assignments of the J1 connector on the DT9835 modules and on the STP100 screw terminal panel.

Table 1: Pin Assignments for Connector J1 on the DT9835 Module and on the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Pin	Signal Description	Pin	Signal Description
1	Bank 0, Bit 0	2	Bank 0, Bit 1
3	Bank 0, Bit 2	4	Bank 0, Bit 3
5	Bank 0, Bit 4	6	Bank 0, Bit 5
7	Bank 0, Bit 6	8	Bank 0, Bit 7
9	Bank 1, Bit 0	10	Bank 1, Bit 1
11	Bank 1, Bit 2	12	Bank 1, Bit 3
13	Bank 1, Bit 4	14	Bank 1, Bit 5
15	Bank 1, Bit 6	16	Bank 1, Bit 7
17	Bank 2, Bit 0	18	Bank 2, Bit 1
19	Bank 2, Bit 2	20	Bank 2, Bit 3
21	Bank 2, Bit 4	22	Bank 2, Bit 5
23	Bank 2, Bit 6	24	Bank 2, Bit 7
25	Bank 3, Bit 0	26	Bank 3, Bit 1
27	Bank 3, Bit 2	28	Bank 3, Bit 3
29	Bank 3, Bit 4	30	Bank 3, Bit 5
31	Bank 3, Bit 6	32	Bank 3, Bit 7
33	Bank 4, Bit 0	34	Bank 4, Bit 1
35	Bank 4, Bit 2	36	Bank 4, Bit 3
37	Bank 4, Bit 4	38	Bank 4, Bit 5
39	Bank 4, Bit 6	40	Bank 4, Bit 7
41	Bank 5, Bit 0	42	Bank 5, Bit 1
43	Bank 5, Bit 2	44	Bank 5, Bit 3
45	Bank 5, Bit 4	46	Bank 5, Bit 5
47	Bank 5, Bit 6	48	Bank 5, Bit 7
49	Isolated +5 V	50	Isolated Ground
51	Bank 6, Bit 0	52	Bank 6, Bit 1
53	Bank 6, Bit 2	54	Bank 6, Bit 3
55	Bank 6, Bit 4	56	Bank 6, Bit 5
57	Bank 6, Bit 6	58	Bank 6, Bit 7
59	Bank 7, Bit 0	60	Bank 7, Bit 1
61	Bank 7, Bit 2	62	Bank 7, Bit 3

Table 1: Pin Assignments for Connector J1 on the DT9835 Module and on the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

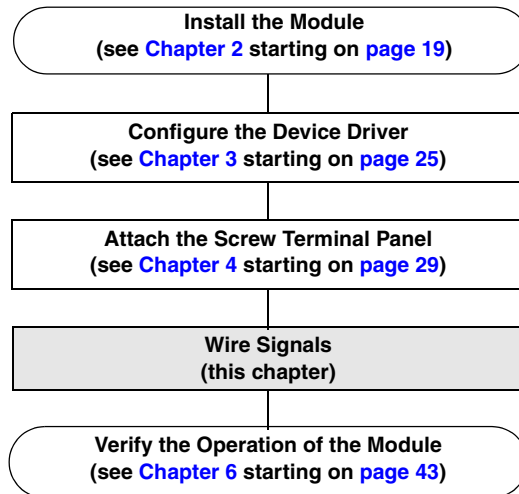
Pin	Signal Description	Pin	Signal Description
63	Bank 7, Bit 4	64	Bank 7, Bit 5
65	Bank 7, Bit 6	66	Bank 7, Bit 7
67	Bank 8, Bit 0 ^a	68	Bank 8, Bit 1 ^a
69	Bank 8, Bit 2 ^a	70	Bank 8, Bit 3 ^a
71	Bank 8, Bit 4 ^a	72	Bank 8, Bit 5 ^a
73	Bank 8, Bit 6 ^a	74	Bank 8, Bit 7 ^a
75	Bank 9, Bit 0 ^a	76	Bank 9, Bit 1 ^a
77	Bank 9, Bit 2 ^a	78	Bank 9, Bit 3 ^a
79	Bank 9, Bit 4 ^a	80	Bank 9, Bit 5 ^a
81	Bank 9, Bit 6 ^a	82	Bank 9, Bit 7 ^a
83	Bank 10, Bit 0 ^a	84	Bank 10, Bit 1 ^a
85	Bank 10, Bit 2 ^a	86	Bank 10, Bit 3 ^a
87	Bank 10, Bit 4 ^a	88	Bank 10, Bit 5 ^a
89	Bank 10, Bit 6 ^a	90	Bank 10, Bit 7 ^a
91	Bank 11, Bit 0 ^a	92	Bank 11, Bit 1 ^a
93	Bank 11, Bit 2 ^a	94	Bank 11, Bit 3 ^a
95	Bank 11, Bit 4 ^a	96	Bank 11, Bit 5 ^a
97	Bank 11, Bit 6 ^a	98	Bank 11, Bit 7 ^a
99	Isolated +5 V	100	Isolated Ground

a. Dedicated digital input only. The DT9835 board can generate a PCI-bus interrupt when any of the digital input lines (bits) corresponding to banks 10 and 11 changes state.



Wiring Signals

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Preparing to Wire Signals

This section provides recommendations and information about wiring signals to the DT9835 module.

Wiring Recommendations

Keep the following recommendations in mind when wiring signals to the DT9835 modules:

- Follow standard ESD procedures when wiring signals to the module.
- Use individually shielded twisted-pair wire (size 14 to 26 AWG) when using the DT9835 module in highly noisy electrical environments.
- Separate power and signal lines by using physically different wiring paths or conduits.
- To avoid noise, do not locate the DT9835 module and cabling next to sources that produce high electromagnetic fields, such as large electric motors, power lines, solenoids, and electric arcs, unless the signals are enclosed in a mumetal shield.
- Prevent electrostatic discharge to the I/O while the DT9835 module is operational.
- When first installing the module, try wiring the signals as follows:
 - Wire a digital input to digital input line 0 of bank 11.
 - Wire a digital output to digital output line 0 of bank 5.
 - Then, run the Quick DataAcq application (described in [Chapter 6](#)) to verify that the module is operating properly.

Once you have determined that the module is operating properly, wire the signals according to your application's requirements.

Wiring to the STP Box

[Figure 5](#) shows the layout of the STP100 screw terminal panel.

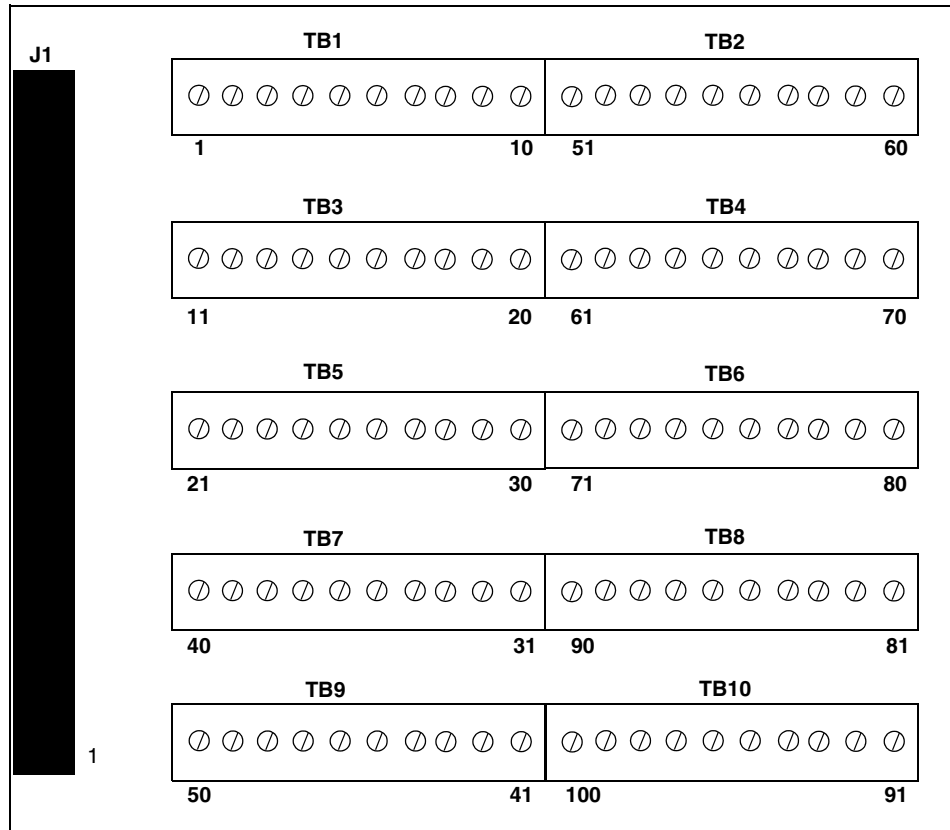


Figure 5: STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Table 2 lists the assignments of the screw terminals on the STP100 screw terminal panel.

Table 2: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB1	1	Bank 0, Bit 0
	2	Bank 0, Bit 1
	3	Bank 0, Bit 2
	4	Bank 0, Bit 3
	5	Bank 0, Bit 4
	6	Bank 0, Bit 5
	7	Bank 0, Bit 6
	8	Bank 0, Bit 7
	9	Bank 1, Bit 0
	10	Bank 1, Bit 1

Table 2: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB2	51	Bank 6, Bit 0
	52	Bank 6, Bit 1
	53	Bank 6, Bit 2
	54	Bank 6, Bit 3
	55	Bank 6, Bit 4
	56	Bank 6, Bit 5
	57	Bank 6, Bit 6
	58	Bank 6, Bit 7
	59	Bank 7, Bit 0
	60	Bank 7, Bit 1
TB3	11	Bank 1, Bit 2
	12	Bank 1, Bit 3
	13	Bank 1, Bit 4
	14	Bank 1, Bit 5
	15	Bank 1, Bit 6
	16	Bank 1, Bit 7
	17	Bank 2, Bit 0
	18	Bank 2, Bit 1
	19	Bank 2, Bit 2
	20	Bank 2, Bit 3
TB4	61	Bank 7, Bit 2
	62	Bank 7, Bit 3
	63	Bank 7, Bit 4
	64	Bank 7, Bit 5
	65	Bank 7, Bit 6
	66	Bank 7, Bit 7
	67	Bank 8, Bit 0 ^a
	68	Bank 8, Bit 1 ^a
	69	Bank 8, Bit 2 ^a
	70	Bank 8, Bit 3 ^a

Table 2: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB5	21	Bank 2, Bit 4
	22	Bank 2, Bit 5
	23	Bank 2, Bit 6
	24	Bank 2, Bit 7
	25	Bank 3, Bit 0
	26	Bank 3, Bit 1
	27	Bank 3, Bit 2
	28	Bank 3, Bit 3
	29	Bank 3, Bit 4
	30	Bank 3, Bit 5
TB6	71	Bank 8, Bit 4 ^a
	72	Bank 8, Bit 5 ^a
	73	Bank 8, Bit 6 ^a
	74	Bank 8, Bit 7 ^a
	75	Bank 9, Bit 0 ^a
	76	Bank 9, Bit 1 ^a
	77	Bank 9, Bit 2 ^a
	78	Bank 9, Bit 3 ^a
	79	Bank 9, Bit 4 ^a
	80	Bank 9, Bit 5 ^a
TB7	31	Bank 3, Bit 6
	32	Bank 3, Bit 7
	33	Bank 4, Bit 0
	34	Bank 4, Bit 1
	35	Bank 4, Bit 2
	36	Bank 4, Bit 3
	37	Bank 4, Bit 4
	38	Bank 4, Bit 5
	39	Bank 4, Bit 6
	40	Bank 4, Bit 7

Table 2: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB8	81	Bank 9, Bit 6 ^a
	82	Bank 9, Bit 7 ^a
	83	Bank 10, Bit 0 ^a
	84	Bank 10, Bit 1 ^a
	85	Bank 10, Bit 2 ^a
	86	Bank 10, Bit 3 ^a
	87	Bank 10, Bit 4 ^a
	88	Bank 10, Bit 5 ^a
	89	Bank 10, Bit 6 ^a
	90	Bank 10, Bit 7 ^a
TB9	41	Bank 5, Bit 0
	42	Bank 5, Bit 1
	43	Bank 5, Bit 2
	44	Bank 5, Bit 3
	45	Bank 5, Bit 4
	46	Bank 5, Bit 5
	47	Bank 5, Bit 6
	48	Bank 5, Bit 7
	49	Isolated +5 V
	50	Isolated Ground
TB10	91	Bank 11, Bit 0 ^a
	92	Bank 11, Bit 1 ^a
	93	Bank 11, Bit 2 ^a
	94	Bank 11, Bit 3 ^a
	95	Bank 11, Bit 4 ^a
	96	Bank 11, Bit 5 ^a
	97	Bank 11, Bit 6 ^a
	98	Bank 11, Bit 7 ^a
	99	Isolated +5 V
	100	Isolated Ground

a. Dedicated digital input only.

Connecting Digital Input Signals

Figure 6 shows how to connect digital input signals (lines 0 and 1 of bank 0, in this case) to a DT9835 module.

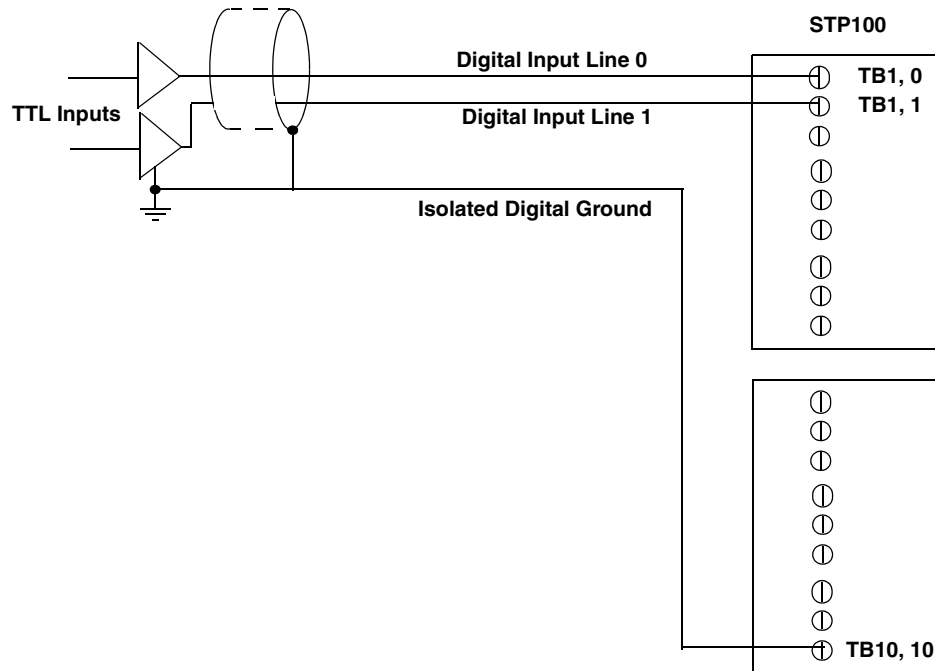


Figure 6: Connecting Digital Inputs (Shown for Lines 0 and 1 of Bank 0)

Connecting Digital Output Signals

Figure 7 shows how to connect a digital output (line 0 of bank 1, in this case) to a DT9835 module.

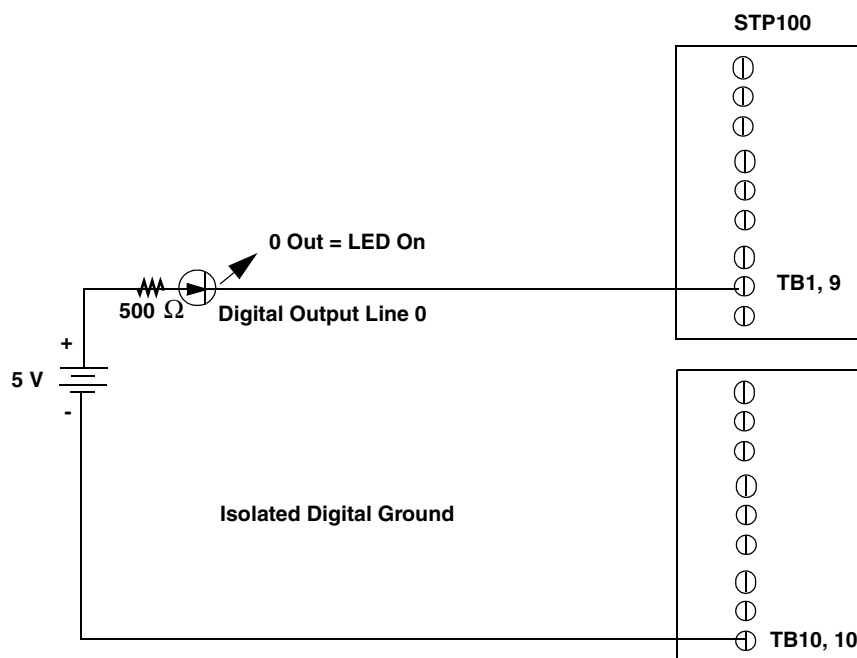
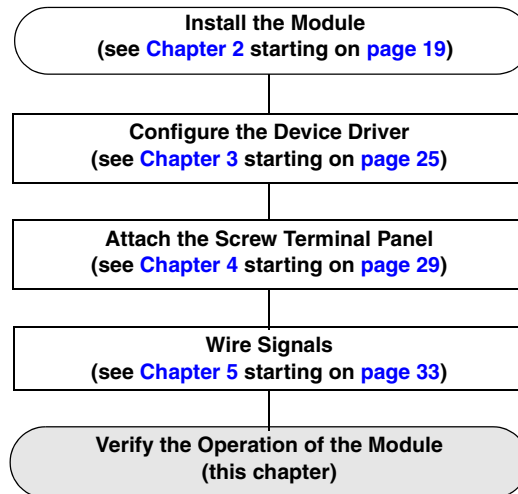


Figure 7: Connecting Digital Outputs (Shown for Line 0 of Bank 1)



Verifying the Operation of a Module

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You can verify the operation of a DT9835 Series module using the Quick DataAcq application. The Quick DataAcq application allows you to do the following:

- Acquire data from a single digital input port
- Output data from a single digital output port

Installing the Quick DataAcq Application

The Quick DataAcq application is installed automatically when you install the driver software.

Running the Quick DataAcq Application

To run the Quick DataAcq application, do the following:

1. If you have not already done so, power up your computer and any attached peripherals.
2. Click **Start** from the Task Bar.
3. Browse to **Programs | Data Translation, Inc | DT-Open Layers for Win32 | QuickDataAcq**.
The main menu appears.

Note: The Quick DataAcq application allows you to verify basic operations on the board; however, it may not support all of the board's features.

For information on each of the features provided, use the online help for the Quick DataAcq application by pressing F1 from any view or selecting the **Help** menu. If the system has trouble finding the help file, navigate to C:\Program Files\Data Translation\Win32\dtdataacq.hlp, where C: is the letter of your hard disk drive.

Testing Single-Value Digital Input

To verify that the module can read a single digital input value, do the following:

1. Connect a digital input to digital input line 0 of bank 0 on the DT9835 module. Refer to [page 40](#) for more information on connecting digital inputs.
2. In the Quick DataAcq application, choose **Digital Input** from the **Acquisition** menu.
3. Select the appropriate DT9835 module from the Board list box.
4. Select digital input port 0 by clicking **Port A**.
5. Click **Get**.

The application displays the value of each digital input line of bank 0 on the screen in both text and graphical form.

Testing Single-Value Digital Output

To verify that the board can output a single digital output value, do the following:

1. Connect a digital output to digital output line 0 of bank 1 on the DT9835 module. Refer to [page 41](#) for an example of how to connect a digital output.
2. In the Quick DataAcq application, choose **Digital Output** from the **Control** menu.
3. Select the appropriate DT9835 module from the Board list box.
4. Select digital output bank 1 by clicking **Port B**.
5. Click the appropriate bits to select the digital output lines to write to. If the bit is selected, a high-level signal is output to the digital output line; if the bit is not selected, a low-level signal is output to the digital output line. Optionally, you can enter an output value in the Hex text box.
6. Click **Send**.

The application displays the value of each digital output line of digital bank 1 on the screen in both text and graphical form.

Part 2: Using Your Module



Principles of Operation

Digital I/O Lines	53
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Figure 8 shows a block diagram of the DT9835 module. Note that bold entries indicate signals you can access.

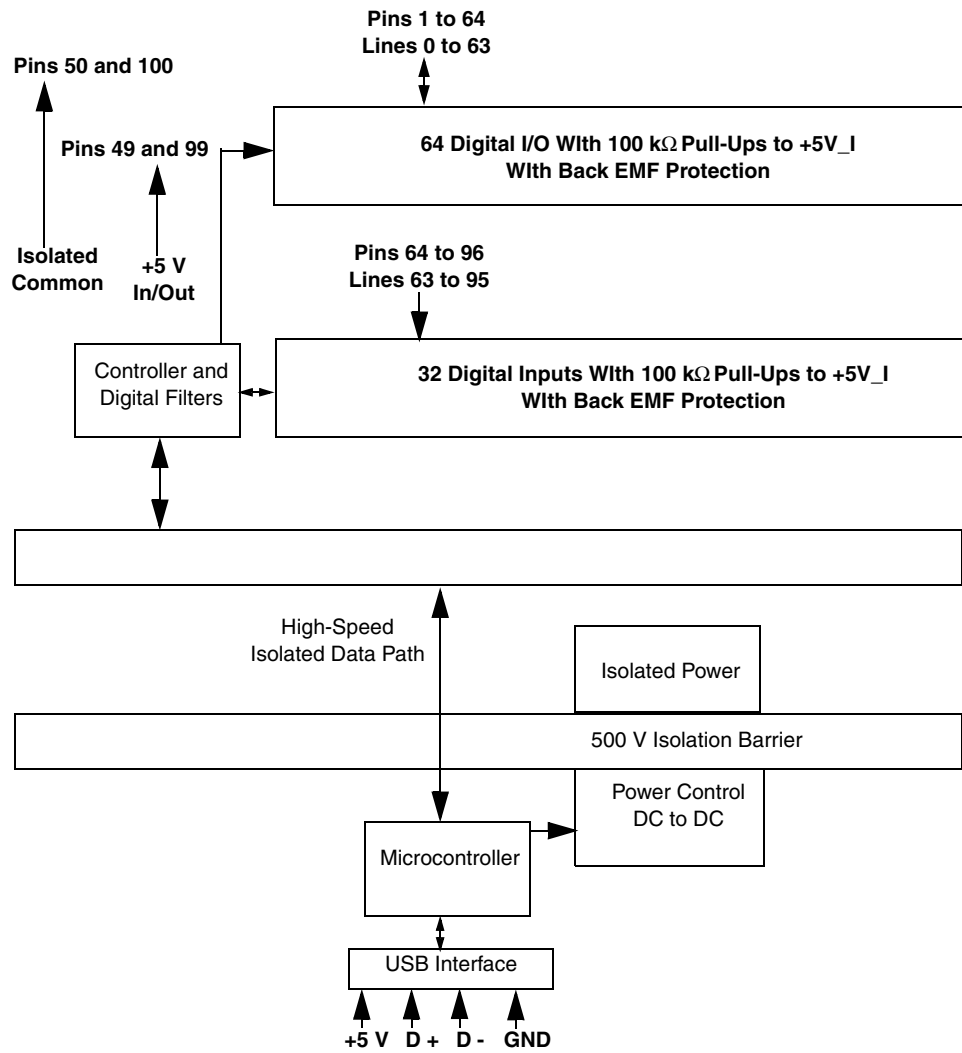


Figure 8: Block Diagram of the DT9835 Module

Digital I/O Lines

The DT9835 module supports 64 shared digital I/O lines. These lines are organized as eight digital banks (banks 0 to 7), each containing eight digital I/O lines (lines 0 to 7).

The DT9835 module also supports 32 dedicated digital input lines. These lines are organized as four banks (banks 8 to 11), each containing eight digital input lines (lines 0 to 7).

You access the digital inputs through the digital input (DIN) subsystem and the digital outputs through the digital output (DOUT) subsystem.

The inputs are pulled up to +5 V through a 100 k Ω resistor. You can choose to debounce the inputs using the Open Layers Control Panel. When debounce is selected, a debounce delay of 5 ms occurs before a change is passed through the digital filter on the module. When debounce is not selected (the default configuration), a delay of less than 1 ms occurs.

Outputs are open collectors with a 100 k Ω resistor connected to the internal isolated +5 V. All outputs are diode-protected for back EMF voltages typically seen when driving relays. The output stage latches are normally powered by the module. However, you can externally power the +5 V output so that the digital outputs retain their current values when the module is powered down.

Note: +5 V output is available only when one of the subsystems is activated, which, in turn, activates power to the module.

The DT9835 provides enough current to drive only one LED per output line on the STP100 screw terminal panel at a time. An LED turns on when the output is low.

You can specify the digital input lines to read in a single-value digital I/O or continuous operation. You can specify the digital output lines to write to in a single-value digital I/O operation. Refer to [page 57](#) for more information on digital I/O operation modes.

Note: Continuous digital input operations are supported by digital input banks 10 and 11 only. Therefore, in continuous mode, the resolution is always 16 bits.

The number of digital I/O lines that are read or written to depend on the resolution that is specified, as described in the next section.

Resolution

Using software, specify the number of digital I/O lines to read or write at once by specifying the resolution as 8, 16, 24, or 32. [Table 3](#) shows the effect of resolution on the number of DIN and DOUT subsystems available for a bank.

Note: If you are using digital input banks 10 and 11 in continuous mode, the resolution is always 16 bits.

Table 3: Resolution, Digital I/O Lines, and Number of Subsystems

Resolution	Digital I/O Lines	DIN or DOUT Subsystem
8	Bank 0, lines 0 to 7	Element 0
	Bank 1, lines 0 to 7	Element 1
	Bank 2, lines 0 to 7	Element 2
	Bank 3, lines 0 to 7	Element 3
	Bank 4, lines 0 to 7	Element 4
	Bank 5, lines 0 to 7	Element 5
	Bank 6, lines 0 to 7	Element 6
	Bank 7, lines 0 to 7	Element 7
	Bank 8, lines 0 to 7 ^a	Element 8
	Bank 9, lines 0 to 7 ^a	Element 9
	Bank 10, lines 0 to 7 ^a	Element 10
	Bank 11, lines 0 to 7 ^a	Element 11
16	Banks 0 and 1, lines 0 and 15 combined	Element 0
	Banks 2 and 3, lines 0 and 15 combined	Element 2
	Banks 4 and 5, lines 0 and 15 combined	Element 4
	Banks 6 and 7, lines 0 and 15 combined	Element 6
	Banks 8 and 9, lines 0 and 15 combined ^a	Element 8
	Banks 10 and 11, lines 0 and 15 combined ^a	Element 10

Table 3: Resolution, Digital I/O Lines, and Number of Subsystems (cont.)

Resolution	Digital I/O Lines	DIN or DOUT Subsystem
24	Banks 0, 1, and 2, lines 0 to 23 combined	Element 0
	Banks 3, 4, and 5, lines 0 to 23 combined	Element 3
	Banks 6, 7, and 8, lines 0 to 23 combined ^a	Element 6
	Banks 9, 10, and 11, lines 0 to 23 combined ^a	Element 9
32	Banks 0, 1, 2, and 3, lines 0 to 31	Element 0
	Banks 4, 5, 6, and 7, lines 0 to 31	Element 4
	Banks 8, 9, 10, and 11, lines 0 to 31 ^a	Element 8

a. Banks 8 to 11 are dedicated digital input lines. All other banks can be used as digital input or digital output lines.

For example, if you specify a resolution of 8, you can read or write to each digital bank separately by specifying element number 0 to 11. If you specify a resolution of 16, you can read or write to two banks at once by specifying element 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, or 10. If you specify a resolution of 24, you can read or write to three banks at once by specifying element 0, 3, 6, or 9. Lastly, if you specify a resolution of 32, you can read or write to four banks at once by specifying element 0, 4, or 8.

The data is encoded in binary format.

Interrupts

The DT9835 module can generate a PCI-bus interrupt when any of the digital input lines corresponding to banks 10 and 11 changes state. This feature is useful when you want to monitor critical signals or when you want to signal the host computer to transfer data to or from the module. You enable the interrupts on a line-by-line basis using the Open Layers Control Panel; refer to [page 25](#) for more information.

Use software to determine which digital input line changed state, and the current value of the digital input port; refer to [page 57](#) for more information.

Operation Modes

DT9835 modules support the following digital I/O operation modes:

- **Single-value operations** are the simplest to use but do not allow you to check the interrupt status. Use software to specify the DIN or DOUT subsystem, and the resolution (the gain is ignored). Data is then read from or written to the appropriate digital I/O lines.

Single-value operations stop automatically when finished; you cannot stop a single-value operation.

- **Continuous digital input** allows you to read digital input values as well as check the interrupt status of the digital input lines corresponding to banks 10 and 11. Refer to [page 25](#) for information on configuring the digital input lines for interrupt-on-change.

Use software to specify the DIN subsystem element, continuous mode, the resolution, and the trigger source as software.

Once the operation is configured and started, an interrupt-on-change event is generated when the interrupt occurs. You can then read the value and determine which digital I/O line changed state to cause the interrupt.

Note: If you are using the DataAcq SDK to perform an interrupt-on-change operation, use the *lParam* parameter of the **olDaSetWndHandle** or **olDaSetNotificationProcedure** function to determine which digital input line changed state and the status of the digital input port when the interrupt occurred.

The low word of *lParam* contains the digital lines (bits) that changed state causing the interrupt to occur, where bit 0 corresponds to digital input line 0 and bit 1 corresponds to digital input line 1 of the subsystem.

The high word of *lParam* contains the state of the digital input subsystem, where bit 16 corresponds to digital input line 0 and bit 17 corresponds to digital input line 7. If a bit is set to 1, the associated digital input line changed state.

The resolution reflects the number of significant bits in *lParam*.



Supported Device Driver Capabilities

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The DT9835 Device Driver provides support for the digital input (DIN) and digital output (DOUT) subsystems. For information on how to configure the device driver, refer to [page 25](#).

Table 4: DT9835 Subsystems

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Total Subsystems on Module	0	0	12 ^a	8 ^a	0	0

- a. A total of eight banks of eight digital I/O lines and four banks of eight dedicated digital input lines exist on the board. You can configure the nondedicated banks for either digital input or digital output when you configure the device driver.

The tables in this chapter summarize the features available for use with the DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library and the DT9835 modules. The DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library provides properties that return support information for specified subsystem capabilities.

The first row in each table lists the subsystem types. The first column in each table lists all possible subsystem capabilities. A description of each capability is followed by the property used to describe that capability in the DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library.

Note: Blank fields represent unsupported options.

For more information, refer to the description of these properties in the DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library online help or *DT-Open Layers for .NET Class Library User's Manual*.

Data Flow and Operation Options

Table 5: DT9835 Data Flow and Operation Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Single-Value Operation Support SupportsSingleValue			Yes	Yes		
Simultaneous Single-Value Output Operations SupportsSetSingleValues						
Continuous Operation Support SupportsContinuous			Yes ^a			
Continuous Operation until Trigger SupportsContinuousPreTrigger						
Continuous Operation before & after Trigger SupportsContinuousPrePostTrigger						
Waveform Operations Using FIFO Only SupportsWaveformModeOnly						
Simultaneous Start List Support SupportsSimultaneousStart						
Supports Programmable Synchronization Modes SupportsSynchronization						
Synchronization Modes SynchronizationMode						
Interrupt Support SupportsInterruptOnChange			Yes ^b			
Output FIFO Size FifoSize						
Auto-Calibrate Support SupportsAutoCalibrate						

- a. Continuous digital input operations are supported by digital input banks 10 and 11 only.
- b. Digital banks 10 and 11 can generate an interrupt on a line-by-line basis. You configure the digital lines to interrupt using the Open Layers Control Panel, described on [page 25](#). If you are using the DataAcq SDK, refer to [page 56](#) for more information on determining which digital input lines changed state.

Buffering

Table 6: DT9835 Buffering Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Buffer Support SupportsBuffering						
Single Buffer Wrap Mode Support SupportsWrapSingle						
Inprocess Buffer Flush Support SupportsInProcessFlush						

Triggered Scan Mode

Table 7: DT9835 Triggered Scan Mode Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Triggered Scan Support SupportsTriggeredScan						
Maximum Number of CGL Scans per Trigger MaxMultiScanCount			0	0		
Maximum Retrigger Frequency MaxRetriggerFreq			0	0		
Minimum Retrigger Frequency MinRetriggerFreq			0	0		

Data Encoding

Table 8: DT9835 Data Encoding Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Binary Encoding Support SupportsBinaryEncoding			Yes	Yes		
Twos Complement Support SupportsTwosCompEncoding						
Returns Floating-Point Values ReturnsFloats						

Channels

Table 9: DT9835 Channel Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Number of Channels NumberOfChannels			1	1		
SE Support SupportsSingleEnded						
SE Channels MaxSingleEndedChannels			0	0		
DI Support SupportsDifferential			Yes	Yes		
DI Channels MaxDifferentialChannels			1	1		
Maximum Channel-Gain List Depth CGLDepth			0	0		
Simultaneous Sample-and-Hold Support SupportsSimultaneousSampleHold						
Channel-List Inhibit SupportsChannelListInhibit						

Gain

Table 10: DT9835 Gain Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Programmable Gain Support SupportsProgrammableGain						
Number of Gains NumberOfSupportedGains			1	1		
Gains Available SupportedGains			1	1		

Ranges

Table 11: DT9835 Range Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Number of Voltage Ranges NumberOfRanges			0	0		
Available Ranges SupportedVoltageRanges			0	0		
Current Output Support SupportsCurrentOutput						

Resolution

Table 12: DT9835 Resolution Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Software Programmable Resolution SupportsSoftwareResolution			Yes	Yes		
Number of Resolutions NumberOfResolutions			4 ^a	4 ^a		
Available Resolutions SupportedResolutions			8, 16, 24, or 32 ^a	8, 16, 24, or 32 ^a		

a. The number of subsystem elements depends on the bank size or resolution established in the driver configuration dialog. If you are using digital input banks 10 and 11 in continuous mode, the resolution is always 16 bits. Refer to [page 54](#) for more information on resolution.

Thermocouple and RTD Support

Table 13: DT9835 Thermocouple and RTD Support Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Thermocouple Support SupportsThernocouple						
RTD Support SupportsRTD						
Resistance Support ReturnsOhms						
Voltage Converted to Temperature in Hardware SupportsTemperatureDataInStream						
Supported Thermocouple Types ThermocoupleType						
Supported RTD Types RTDType						
Supports CJC Source Internally in Hardware SupportsCjcSourceInternal						
Supports CJC Channel SupportsCjcSourceChannel						
Available CJC Channels CjcChannel						
Supports Interleaved CJC Values in Data Stream SupportsInterleavedCjcTemperaturesInStream						
Supports Programmable Filters SupportsTemperatureFilters						
Programmable Filter Types TemperatureFilterType						

IEPE Support

Table 14: DT9835 IEPE Support Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Software Programmable AC Coupling SupportsACCoupling						
Software Programmable DC Coupling SupportsDCCoupling						
Software Programmable External Excitation Current Source SupportsExternalExcitationCurrentSrc						
Software Programmable Internal Excitation Current Source SupportsInternalExcitationCurrentSrc						
Available Excitation Current Source Values SupportedExcitationCurrentValues						

Triggers

Table 15: DT9835 Trigger Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Software Trigger Support SupportsSoftwareTrigger			Yes			
External Positive TTL Trigger Support SupportsPosExternalTTLTrigger						
External Negative TTL Trigger Support SupportsNegExternalTTLTrigger						
External Positive TTL Trigger Support for Single-Value Operations SupportsSvPosExternalTTLTrigger						
External Negative TTL Trigger Support for Single-Value Operations SupportsSvNegExternalTTLTrigger						
Positive Threshold Trigger Support SupportsPosThresholdTrigger						
Negative Threshold Trigger Support SupportsNegThresholdTrigger						
Digital Event Trigger Support SupportsDigitalEventTrigger						

Clocks

Table 16: DT9835 Clock Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Internal Clock Support SupportsInternalClock						
External Clock Support SupportsExternalClock						
Simultaneous Input/Output on a Single Clock Signal SupportsSimultaneousClocking						
Base Clock Frequency BaseClockFrequency			0	0		
Maximum Clock Divider MaxExtClockDivider			1	1		
Minimum Clock Divider MinExtClockDivider			1	1		
Maximum Frequency MaxFrequency			0	0		
Minimum Frequency MinFrequency			0	0		

Counter/Timers

Table 17: DT9835 Counter/Timer Options

DT9835	A/D	D/A	DIN	DOUT	C/T	QUAD
Cascading Support SupportsCascading						
Event Count Mode Support SupportsCount						
Generate Rate Mode Support SupportsRateGenerate						
One-Shot Mode Support SupportsOneShot						
Repetitive One-Shot Mode Support SupportsOneShotRepeat						
Up/Down Counting Mode Support SupportsUpDown						
Edge-to-Edge Measurement Mode Support SupportsMeasure						
Continuous Edge-to-Edge Measurement Mode Support SupportsContinuousMeasure						
High to Low Output Pulse Support SupportsHighToLowPulse						
Low to High Output Pulse Support SupportsLowToHighPulse						
Variable Pulse Width Support SupportsVariablePulseWidth						
None (internal) Gate Type Support SupportsGateNone						
High Level Gate Type Support SupportsGateHighLevel						
Low Level Gate Type Support SupportsGateLowLevel						
High Edge Gate Type Support SupportsGateHighEdge						
Low Edge Gate Type Support SupportsGateLowEdge						
Level Change Gate Type Support SupportsGateLevel						
Clock-Falling Edge Type SupportsClockFalling						
Clock-Rising Edge Type SupportsClockRising						
Gate-Falling Edge Type SupportsGateFalling						
Gate-Rising Edge Type SupportsGateRising						
Interrupt-Driven Operations SupportsInterrupt						



Troubleshooting

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General Checklist

Should you experience problems using the DT9835 module, follow these steps:

1. Read all the documentation provided for your product. Make sure that you have added any “Read This First” information to your manual and that you have used this information.
2. Check the OMNI CD for any README files and ensure that you have used the latest installation and configuration information available.
3. Check that your system meets the requirements stated in the README file on the OMNI CD.
4. Check that you have installed your hardware properly using the instructions in [Chapter 2](#).
5. Check that you have installed and configured the device driver properly using the instructions in [Chapter 3](#).
6. Search the DT Knowledgebase in the Support section of the Data Translation web site (at www.datatranslation.com) for an answer to your problem.

If you still experience problems, try using the information in [Table 18](#) to isolate and solve the problem. If you cannot identify the problem, refer to [page 72](#).

Table 18: Troubleshooting Problems

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
Module is not recognized.	You plugged the module into your computer before installing the device driver.	From the Control Panel > System > Hardware > Device Manager, uninstall any unknown devices (showing a yellow question mark). Then, run the setup program on your OMNI CD to install the USB device drivers, and reconnect your USB module to the computer.
Module does not respond.	The module configuration is incorrect.	Check the configuration of your device driver.
	The module is damaged.	Contact Data Translation for technical support; refer to page 72 .
Intermittent operation.	Loose connections or vibrations exist.	Check your wiring and tighten any loose connections or cushion vibration sources.
	The module is overheating.	Check environmental and ambient temperature; consult the module's specifications on page 78 and the documentation provided by your computer manufacturer for more information.
	Electrical noise exists.	Check your wiring and either provide better shielding or reroute unshielded wiring.

Table 18: Troubleshooting Problems (cont.)

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
Device failure error reported.	The DT9835 module cannot communicate with the Microsoft bus driver or a problem with the bus driver exists.	Check your cabling and wiring and tighten any loose connections.
	The DT9835 module was removed while an operation was being performed.	Ensure that your DT9835 module is properly connected.
Data appears to be invalid.	An open connection exists.	Check your wiring and fix any open connections.
	A signal source is not connected to the channel being read.	Check the transducer connections.
Computer does not boot.	The power supply of the computer is too small to handle all the system resources.	Check the power requirements of your system resources and, if needed, get a larger power supply; consult the module's specifications on page 78 .

Technical Support

If you have difficulty using a DT9834 Series module, Data Translation's Technical Support Department is available to provide technical assistance.

To request technical support, go to our web site at <http://www.datatranslation.com> and click on the Support link.

When requesting technical support, be prepared to provide the following information:

- Your product serial number
- The hardware/software product you need help on
- The version of the OMNI CD you are using
- Your contract number, if applicable

If you are located outside the USA, contact your local distributor; see our web site (www.datatranslation.com) for the name and telephone number of your nearest distributor.

If Your Module Needs Factory Service

If your module must be returned to Data Translation, do the following:

1. Record the module's serial number, and then contact the Customer Service Department at (508) 481-3700, ext. 1323 (if you are in the USA) and obtain a Return Material Authorization (RMA).

If you are located outside the USA, call your local distributor for authorization and shipping instructions; see our web site (www.datatranslation.com) for the name and telephone number of your nearest distributor. All return shipments to Data Translation must be marked with the correct RMA number to ensure proper processing.

2. Using the original packing materials, if available, package the module as follows:
 - Wrap the module in an electrically conductive plastic material. Handle with ground protection. A static discharge can destroy components on the module.
 - Place in a secure shipping container.
3. Return the module to the following address, making sure the RMA number is visible on the outside of the box.

Customer Service Dept.
Data Translation, Inc.
100 Locke Drive
Marlboro, MA 01752-1192



Specifications

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Analog Input Specifications

Table 19 lists the specifications for the digital input subsystem.

Table 19: DIN Subsystem Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Number of lines	64 shared digital I/O lines and 32 dedicated digital input lines ^a
Termination	100 k Ω Pullup to +5V_I ^b
Inputs Input type: Input load: High-level input voltage: Low-level input voltage: High-level input current: Low-level input current:	Level sensitive 1 (HCT) 2.0 V minimum 0.8 V maximum 100 k Ω Pullup to +5V_I ^b –100 μ A
Back EMF diodes	Yes

- a. The DT9835 board can generate a PCI-bus interrupt when any of the digital input lines corresponding to banks 10 and 11 changes state.
- b. You can drive the +5V_I isolated output pin from an external power supply. This will allow the last digital output value to be latched to the input stage; therefore, if the power is reduced by the host, the digital output values will not change. Current requirements are 50 mA plus load.

Analog Output Specifications

Table 20 lists the specifications for the digital output subsystem.

Table 20: DOUT Subsystem Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Number of lines	64 shared digital I/O lines
Termination	22 Ω series resistor
Output driver	Open collector (5 V)
Output driver high voltage	100 k Ω Pullup to +5V_I ^a
Output driver low voltage	0.6 V maximum (IOL = 12 mA)
Back EMF diodes	Yes

- a. You can drive the +5V_I isolated output pin from an external power supply. This will allow the last digital output value to be latched to the input stage; therefore, if the power is reduced by the host, the digital output values will not change. Current requirements are 50 mA plus load.

Power, Physical, and Environmental Specifications

Table 21 lists the power, physical, and environmental specifications for the DT9835 module.

Table 21: Power, Physical, and Environmental Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Power +5 V Standby: +5 V Enumeration: +5 V Power ON: +5 V Isolated Power Out:	500 μ A maximum 100 mA maximum 500 mA maximum ^a 2.5 mA maximum
Physical Dimensions: Weight:	6.6 inches x 4.5 inches x 1.4 inches 160 mm x 100 mm mounting 16 ounces (448 grams)
Environmental Operating temperature range: Storage temperature range: Relative humidity:	0° C to 55° C –25° C to 85° C To 95%, noncondensing

a. Typical power supply current is 200 mA on startup.

Cable and Connector Specifications

[Table 22](#) lists the cable and connector specifications for the DT9835 module.

Table 22: DT9835 Cable and Connector Specifications

Feature	Specifications
USB cable	2-meter, Type A-B, USB cable Data Translation part#17394, or AMP part# 974327-1
J1 Connector	100-pin D, Robinson Nugent ^a part# P50E-100P1-SR1-TG
J1 Mating Connector	100-pin D, Robinson Nugent part# P50E-100S-TG

- a. Because of different vendor number pinning schemes, the Robinson Nugent connector has a mirror pinout from that described in [Appendix B](#). The Data Translation STP100 and EP331 cable already account for the mirroring; however, if you are building your own cable or screw terminal panel, you must take this into account.

Regulatory Specifications

[Table 23](#) lists the regulatory specifications for the DT9835 module.

Table 23: Regulatory Specifications

Feature	Specifications
Emissions (EMI)	FCC Part 15, EN55022:1994 + A1:1995 + A2:1997 VCCI, AS/NZS 3548 Class A
Immunity	EN61000-6-1:2001
RoHS (EU Directive 2002/95/EG)	Compliant (as of July 1st, 2006)



Connector Pin Assignments

Table 24 lists the pin assignments of connector J1 on the DT9835 module and on the STP100 screw terminal panel.

Note: Because of different vendor number pinning schemes, the Robinson Nugent connector specified on page 79 has a mirror pinout from that described in this appendix. The Data Translation STP100 and EP331 cable already account for the mirroring; however, if you are building your own cable or screw terminal panel, you must take this into account.

Table 24: Pin Assignments for Connector J1 on the DT9835 Module and on the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Pin	Signal Description	Pin	Signal Description
1	Bank 0, Bit 0	2	Bank 0, Bit 1
3	Bank 0, Bit 2	4	Bank 0, Bit 3
5	Bank 0, Bit 4	6	Bank 0, Bit 5
7	Bank 0, Bit 6	8	Bank 0, Bit 7
9	Bank 1, Bit 0	10	Bank 1, Bit 1
11	Bank 1, Bit 2	12	Bank 1, Bit 3
13	Bank 1, Bit 4	14	Bank 1, Bit 5
15	Bank 1, Bit 6	16	Bank 1, Bit 7
17	Bank 2, Bit 0	18	Bank 2, Bit 1
19	Bank 2, Bit 2	20	Bank 2, Bit 3
21	Bank 2, Bit 4	22	Bank 2, Bit 5
23	Bank 2, Bit 6	24	Bank 2, Bit 7
25	Bank 3, Bit 0	26	Bank 3, Bit 1
27	Bank 3, Bit 2	28	Bank 3, Bit 3
29	Bank 3, Bit 4	30	Bank 3, Bit 5
31	Bank 3, Bit 6	32	Bank 3, Bit 7
33	Bank 4, Bit 0	34	Bank 4, Bit 1
35	Bank 4, Bit 2	36	Bank 4, Bit 3
37	Bank 4, Bit 4	38	Bank 4, Bit 5
39	Bank 4, Bit 6	40	Bank 4, Bit 7
41	Bank 5, Bit 0	42	Bank 5, Bit 1
43	Bank 5, Bit 2	44	Bank 5, Bit 3
45	Bank 5, Bit 4	46	Bank 5, Bit 5
47	Bank 5, Bit 6	48	Bank 5, Bit 7

Table 24: Pin Assignments for Connector J1 on the DT9835 Module and on the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Pin	Signal Description	Pin	Signal Description
49	Isolated +5 V	50	Isolated Ground
51	Bank 6, Bit 0	52	Bank 6, Bit 1
53	Bank 6, Bit 2	54	Bank 6, Bit 3
55	Bank 6, Bit 4	56	Bank 6, Bit 5
57	Bank 6, Bit 6	58	Bank 6, Bit 7
59	Bank 7, Bit 0	60	Bank 7, Bit 1
61	Bank 7, Bit 2	62	Bank 7, Bit 3
63	Bank 7, Bit 4	64	Bank 7, Bit 5
65	Bank 7, Bit 6	66	Bank 7, Bit 7
67	Bank 8, Bit 0 ^a	68	Bank 8, Bit 1 ^a
69	Bank 8, Bit 2 ^a	70	Bank 8, Bit 3 ^a
71	Bank 8, Bit 4 ^a	72	Bank 8, Bit 5 ^a
73	Bank 8, Bit 6 ^a	74	Bank 8, Bit 7 ^a
75	Bank 9, Bit 0 ^a	76	Bank 9, Bit 1 ^a
77	Bank 9, Bit 2 ^a	78	Bank 9, Bit 3 ^a
79	Bank 9, Bit 4 ^a	80	Bank 9, Bit 5 ^a
81	Bank 9, Bit 6 ^a	82	Bank 9, Bit 7 ^a
83	Bank 10, Bit 0 ^a	84	Bank 10, Bit 1 ^a
85	Bank 10, Bit 2 ^a	86	Bank 10, Bit 3 ^a
87	Bank 10, Bit 4 ^a	88	Bank 10, Bit 5 ^a
89	Bank 10, Bit 6 ^a	90	Bank 10, Bit 7 ^a
91	Bank 11, Bit 0 ^a	92	Bank 11, Bit 1 ^a
93	Bank 11, Bit 2 ^a	94	Bank 11, Bit 3 ^a
95	Bank 11, Bit 4 ^a	96	Bank 11, Bit 5 ^a
97	Bank 11, Bit 6 ^a	98	Bank 11, Bit 7 ^a
99	Isolated +5 V	100	Isolated Ground

a. Dedicated digital input line. The DT9835 board can generate a PCI-bus interrupt when any of the digital input lines (bits) corresponding to banks 10 and 11 changes state.

Table 25 lists the screw terminal assignments of the STP100 screw terminal panel.

Table 25: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB1	1	Bank 0, Bit 0
	2	Bank 0, Bit 1
	3	Bank 0, Bit 2
	4	Bank 0, Bit 3
	5	Bank 0, Bit 4
	6	Bank 0, Bit 5
	7	Bank 0, Bit 6
	8	Bank 0, Bit 7
	9	Bank 1, Bit 0
	10	Bank 1, Bit 1
TB2	51	Bank 6, Bit 0
	52	Bank 6, Bit 1
	53	Bank 6, Bit 2
	54	Bank 6, Bit 3
	55	Bank 6, Bit 4
	56	Bank 6, Bit 5
	57	Bank 6, Bit 6
	58	Bank 6, Bit 7
	59	Bank 7, Bit 0
	60	Bank 7, Bit 1
TB3	11	Bank 1, Bit 2
	12	Bank 1, Bit 3
	13	Bank 1, Bit 4
	14	Bank 1, Bit 5
	15	Bank 1, Bit 6
	16	Bank 1, Bit 7
	17	Bank 2, Bit 0
	18	Bank 2, Bit 1
	19	Bank 2, Bit 2
	20	Bank 2, Bit 3

Table 25: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB4	61	Bank 7, Bit 2
	62	Bank 7, Bit 3
	63	Bank 7, Bit 4
	64	Bank 7, Bit 5
	65	Bank 7, Bit 6
	66	Bank 7, Bit 7
	67	Bank 8, Bit 0 ^a
	68	Bank 8, Bit 1 ^a
	69	Bank 8, Bit 2 ^a
	70	Bank 8, Bit 3 ^a
TB5	21	Bank 2, Bit 4
	22	Bank 2, Bit 5
	23	Bank 2, Bit 6
	24	Bank 2, Bit 7
	25	Bank 3, Bit 0
	26	Bank 3, Bit 1
	27	Bank 3, Bit 2
	28	Bank 3, Bit 3
	29	Bank 3, Bit 4
	30	Bank 3, Bit 5
TB6	71	Bank 8, Bit 4 ^a
	72	Bank 8, Bit 5 ^a
	73	Bank 8, Bit 6 ^a
	74	Bank 8, Bit 7 ^a
	75	Bank 9, Bit 0 ^a
	76	Bank 9, Bit 1 ^a
	77	Bank 9, Bit 2 ^a
	78	Bank 9, Bit 3 ^a
	79	Bank 9, Bit 4 ^a
	80	Bank 9, Bit 5 ^a

Table 25: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB7	31	Bank 3, Bit 6
	32	Bank 3, Bit 7
	33	Bank 4, Bit 0
	34	Bank 4, Bit 1
	35	Bank 4, Bit 2
	36	Bank 4, Bit 3
	37	Bank 4, Bit 4
	38	Bank 4, Bit 5
	39	Bank 4, Bit 6
	40	Bank 4, Bit 7
TB8	81	Bank 9, Bit 6 ^a
	82	Bank 9, Bit 7 ^a
	83	Bank 10, Bit 0 ^a
	84	Bank 10, Bit 1 ^a
	85	Bank 10, Bit 2 ^a
	86	Bank 10, Bit 3 ^a
	87	Bank 10, Bit 4 ^a
	88	Bank 10, Bit 5 ^a
	89	Bank 10, Bit 6 ^a
	90	Bank 10, Bit 7 ^a
TB9	41	Bank 5, Bit 0
	42	Bank 5, Bit 1
	43	Bank 5, Bit 2
	44	Bank 5, Bit 3
	45	Bank 5, Bit 4
	46	Bank 5, Bit 5
	47	Bank 5, Bit 6
	48	Bank 5, Bit 7
	49	Isolated +5 V
	50	Isolated Ground

Table 25: Screw Terminal Assignments of the STP100 Screw Terminal Panel (cont.)

Screw Terminal Block	Terminal	Signal Description
TB10	91	Bank 11, Bit 0 ^a
	92	Bank 11, Bit 1 ^a
	93	Bank 11, Bit 2 ^a
	94	Bank 11, Bit 3 ^a
	95	Bank 11, Bit 4 ^a
	96	Bank 11, Bit 5 ^a
	97	Bank 11, Bit 6 ^a
	98	Bank 11, Bit 7 ^a
	99	Isolated +5 V
	100	Isolated Ground

a. Dedicated digital input line.

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